

## AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1           1. (currently amended) A method, comprising the steps of:  
2           leasing a space from a landlord to a tenant under a space lease, the verb “leasing”  
3           meaning “granting to another, or receiving a grant of from another, or taking hold of by a  
4           lease from another, the possession and use of real or personal property, in return for present  
5           payment of or an obligation to pay rent or other consideration”;  
6           leasing tenant improvements to the space from a special purpose entity to the tenant  
7           under an improvements lease distinct from the space lease, the special purpose entity being a  
8           legal entity owned under tax accounting rules by a landlord of the space, the special purpose  
9           entity owning the improvements lease;  
10          development of the tenant improvements being financed by the special purpose entity,  
11          the special purpose entity being capitalized by: (a) an equity investment by the landlord of at  
12          least three percent of the value of the tenant improvements and (b) debt issued by the special  
13          purpose entity of at least about eighty percent of the value of the tenant improvements, the  
14          debt being non-recourse against the special purpose entity, the landlord and the  
15          improvements and being secured by an absolute obligation of the tenant;  
16          receiving a rent payment from the tenant to the special purpose entity under the  
17          improvements lease, the rent payments under the improvements lease having a present value  
18          at least equal to a value of the improvements at a time of commencement of the  
19          improvements lease;  
20          the improvements lease being structured together with the space lease to support an  
21          accounting conclusion that the space lease and improvements lease are to be considered  
22          together as a single lease and classified as an operating lease, financial statements of the  
23          special purpose entity being consolidated with financial statements of the landlord, rent  
24          payments under the improvements lease being fully tax deductible to the tenant;  
25          wherein at least some portion of ~~originating, managing, or analyzing~~ the  
26          improvements lease is performed with assistance of ~~[[on]]~~ a computer.

1           2. (currently amended) A method, comprising the steps of:  
2           leasing a space from a landlord to a tenant under a space lease, the verb “leasing”  
3           meaning “granting to another, or receiving a grant of from another, or taking hold of by a  
4           lease from another, the possession and use of real or personal property, in return for present  
5           payment of or an obligation to pay rent or other consideration”;  
6           leasing improvements to the space to the tenant under an improvements lease distinct  
7           from the space lease, the improvements lease being structured together with the space lease  
8           to support an accounting conclusion that the space lease and improvements lease are to be  
9           considered together as a single lease and classified as an operating lease;  
10          wherein at least some portion of ~~originating, managing, or analyzing~~ the  
11          improvements lease is performed with assistance of ~~[[on]]~~ a computer.

          3. (currently amended) The method of claim 2, wherein:  
          the improvements are leased from a special purpose entity, the landlord of the space  
being the owner of, or lessor of the ~~tenant~~ improvements to, the special purpose entity under  
tax accounting, financial statements of the special purpose entity being consolidated with  
financial statements of the landlord.

          4. (original) The method of claim 3, wherein:  
          rent payments under the improvements lease are fully tax deductible to the tenant.

          5. (original) The method of claim 3, wherein:  
          the improvements being financed by debt issued by the special purpose entity, the  
debt being non-recourse against the special purpose entity, the landlord and the  
improvements.

          6. (original) The method of claim 5, wherein the debt is secured by a rent obligation  
of the tenant under a lease of the improvements.

7. (original) The method of claim 3, wherein:

the special purpose entity is capitalized by participations comprising: (a) an equity investment by the landlord of at least three percent of the value of the improvements and (b) debt issued by the special purpose entity for at least about eighty percent of the value of the improvements.

8. (original) The method of claim 3, wherein:

at least about 80% of the capitalization of the special purpose entity is a loan to the special purpose entity secured by a triple-net absolute obligation of the tenant.

9. (original) The method of claim 8 wherein at least 3% of capitalization for the special purpose entity is a loan participation by the landlord.

10. (original) The method of claim 8 wherein at least 10% of capitalization for the special purpose entity is contributed by the landlord.

11. (original) The method of claim 8, wherein:

a majority of the loan to the special purpose entity is supplied by a party other than the landlord, and the landlord owns a participation in the loan made to the special purpose entity.

12. (previously presented) The method of claim 8:

wherein a building in which the space is located is encumbered by a mortgage;  
and further comprising the step of, entry by the lender to the special purpose entity and a mortgagee of the mortgage into an inter-creditor agreement, each waiving any interest in the other's collateral.

13. (original) The method of claim 3, wherein the improvements have been constructed and are owned by the landlord, the tenant or jointly by landlord and tenant; and further comprising the step of conveying or leasing the improvements to the special purpose entity before or concurrently with entry into the improvements lease.

14. (original) The method of claim 3, wherein:  
equity and/or debt investments by the landlord in a plurality of special purpose entities owned by the landlord, each special purpose entity owning improvements for lease to a corresponding tenant, are cross-collateralized.

15. (original) The method of claim 3, wherein:  
equity and/or debt investments by the landlord in a plurality of special purpose entities owned by the landlord, each special purpose entity owning improvements for lease to a corresponding tenant, are not cross-collateralized.

16. (original) The method of claim 3, wherein:  
the improvements being financed by debt issued by the special purpose entity, the debt being secured at least in part by a lien on the improvements.

17. (original) The method of claim 3, wherein:  
the improvements being financed by debt issued by the special purpose entity, the debt not being secured by a lien on the improvements.

18. (original) The method of claim 2, wherein the special purpose entity is a limited liability company, grantor trust, business trust, corporation, limited partnership, or other business association.

19. (original) The method of claim 2, wherein the special purpose entity has no ownership interest in any real property that includes the space.

20. (original) The method of claim 2, wherein:  
rent payments under the improvements lease have a present value at least equal to a value of the improvements at a time of commencement of the improvements lease.
21. (original) The method of claim 2, the improvements being off-balance-sheet for the tenant, financing for the improvements being related to the cost of funds of the tenant.
22. (original) The method of claim 2, wherein financing for the improvements is provided by an entity other than the tenant.
23. (original) The method of claim 2, further comprising the step of:  
entry by the tenant into an obligation to construct the improvements and to assume costs associated with the construction.
24. (original) The method of claim 2, wherein:  
rent payments under the improvements lease are secured, in full or in part, by a personal or corporate guaranty or by a letter of credit of the tenant.
25. (original) The method of claim 2, wherein:  
the tenant is the only tenant in a building in which the space is located.
26. (original) The method of claim 2, wherein the space is one of a plurality of spaces of a building divided for lease to a plurality of tenants, and the tenant is one of the plurality of tenants.
27. (original) The method of claim 2, wherein:  
upon an event of default under the improvements lease, the tenant is obligated to purchase the improvements from the special purpose entity for a stipulated amount.

1           28. (previously presented) A computer, programmed:  
2           to solicit proposals from tenants for financing for tenant improvements to spaces  
3           leased by the respective tenants under respective space leases, each proposal offering terms  
4           for lease of tenant improvements to the corresponding space under an improvements lease  
5           distinct from the corresponding space lease, each improvements lease to be structured  
6           together with the corresponding space lease to support an accounting conclusion that the  
7           space lease and improvements lease are to be considered together as a single lease and  
8           classified as an operating lease; and  
9           to solicit offers of financing from lenders to the tenants' proposals, and notify the  
10          respective tenant and lender when an offer matches a proposal.

29. (original) The computer of claim 28, being further programmed:  
to solicit offers of financing using an auction protocol.

30. (original) The computer of claim 28, being further programmed:  
to store information on a plurality of tenant improvement loans closed between  
tenants and landlords, and to analyze the information.

1           31. (currently amended) A method, comprising the steps of:  
2           leasing a space to a tenant, the verb "leasing" meaning "granting to another, or  
3           receiving a grant of from another, or taking hold of by a lease from another, the possession  
4           and use of real or personal property, in return for present payment of or an obligation to pay  
5           rent or other consideration"; and  
6           leasing improvements to the space from a special purpose entity to the tenant, a  
7           landlord of the space being the owner of, or lessor of the ~~tenant~~ improvements to, the special  
8           purpose entity under tax accounting rules, financial statements of the special purpose entity  
9           being consolidated with financial statements of the landlord, rent payments under the  
10          improvements lease being fully tax deductible to the tenant;

- 11 wherein at least some portion of ~~originating, managing, or analyzing~~ the  
12 improvements lease is performed with assistance of ~~[[en]]~~ a computer.

32. (original) The method of claim 31, wherein:  
the improvements are financed by debt issued by the special purpose entity, the debt being non-recourse against the special purpose entity, the landlord and the improvements.

33. (previously presented) The method of claim 32, wherein the debt is secured by a rent obligation of the tenant under the improvements lease.

34. (original) The method of claim 31, wherein:  
rent payments under the improvements lease have a present value at least equal to a value of the improvements at a time of commencement of the improvements lease.

35. (original) The method of claim 31, wherein:  
the improvements lease is structured together with the space lease to support an accounting conclusion that the two leases are to be considered together as a single lease, classified as an operating lease.

36. (original) The method of claim 31, further comprising the step of:  
capitalizing the special purpose entity by participations comprising: (a) an equity investment by the landlord of at least three percent of the value of the ~~tenant~~ improvements and (b) debt issued by the special purpose entity for at least about eighty percent of the value of the ~~tenant~~ improvements.

37. (original) The method of claim 31, wherein:  
at least about 80% of the capitalization of the special purpose entity is a loan to the special purpose entity secured by a triple-net absolute obligation of the tenant.

38. (original) The method of claim 37 wherein at least 10% of capitalization for the special purpose entity is contributed by the landlord.

39. (original) The method of claim 37, wherein:  
a majority of the loan to the special purpose entity is supplied by a party other than the landlord and tenant, and the landlord owns a participation in the loan made to the special purpose entity.

40. (original) The method of claim 31:  
wherein a building in which the space is located is encumbered by a mortgage; and  
further comprising the step of, entry by the lender to the special purpose entity and a mortgagee of the mortgage into an inter-creditor agreement, each waiving any interest in the other's collateral.

41. (original) The method of claim 31, wherein the improvements have been constructed and are owned by the landlord, the tenant or jointly by landlord and tenant;  
and further comprising the step of conveying or leasing the improvements to the special purpose entity before or concurrently with entry into the improvements lease.

42. (original) The method of claim 31, wherein:  
equity and/or debt investments by the landlord in a plurality of special purpose entities owned by the landlord, each special purpose entity owning improvements for lease to a corresponding tenant, are cross-collateralized.

43. (original) The method of claim 31, wherein:  
equity and/or debt investments by the landlord in a plurality of special purpose entities owned by the landlord, each special purpose entity owning improvements for lease to a corresponding tenant, are not cross-collateralized.



44. (original) The method of claim 31, wherein the special purpose entity is a limited liability company, grantor trust, business trust, corporation, limited partnership, or other business association.

45. (original) The method of claim 31, wherein the special purpose entity has no ownership interest in any real property that includes the space.

46. (original) The method of claim 31, the improvements being off-balance-sheet for the tenant, financing for the improvements being related to the cost of funds of the tenant.

47. (original) The method of claim 31, wherein financing for the improvements is provided by an entity other than the tenant.

48. (original) The method of claim 31, further comprising the step of:  
entry by the tenant into an obligation to construct the improvements and to assume costs associated with the construction.

49. (original) The method of claim 31, wherein:  
rent payments under the improvements lease are secured, in full or in part, by a personal or corporate guaranty or by a letter of credit of the tenant.

50. (original) The method of claim 31, wherein:  
the tenant is the only tenant in a building in which the space is located.

51. (original) The method of claim 31, wherein the space is one of a plurality of spaces of a building divided for lease to a plurality of tenants, and the tenant is one of the plurality of tenants.

52. (original) The method of claim 31, wherein:

upon an event of default under the improvements lease, the tenant is obligated to purchase the improvements from the special purpose entity for a stipulated amount.

1           53. (original) A computer, programmed:

2           to solicit proposals from tenants for financing for tenant improvements to spaces  
3           leased by the respective tenants under respective space leases, each proposal offering terms  
4           for lease of tenant improvements to the corresponding space under an improvements lease  
5           distinct from the corresponding space lease, each improvements lease providing for lease of  
6           tenant improvements from a special purpose entity to the tenant, a landlord of the space being  
7           the owner of, or lessor of the tenant improvements to, the special purpose entity under tax  
8           accounting rules, financial statements of the special purpose entity to be consolidated with  
9           financial statements of the landlord, rent payments under the improvements lease to be fully  
10          tax deductible to the tenant;

11          to solicit offers of financing from lenders to the tenants' proposals, and notify the  
12          respective tenant and lender when an offer matches a proposal.

54. (original) The computer of claim 53, being further programmed:  
to solicit offers of financing using an auction protocol.

55. (original) The computer of claim 53, being further programmed:  
to store information on a plurality of tenant improvement loans closed between  
tenants and landlords, and to analyze the information.

1           56. (currently amended) A method, comprising the steps of:

2           leasing an interest in real estate from a special purpose entity to a tenant, the verb  
3           "leasing" meaning "granting to another, or receiving a grant of from another, or taking hold  
4           of by a lease from another, the possession and use of real or personal property, in return for

5 present payment of or an obligation to pay rent or other consideration", the special purpose  
6 entity being a legal entity owned by a landlord of the real estate that includes the leased  
7 interest, the special purpose entity owning the lease of the leased interest, development of an  
8 asset underlying the leased interest being financed by debt issued by the special purpose  
9 entity, the debt being non-recourse against the special purpose entity, the landlord and the  
10 asset;

11 wherein at least some portion of ~~originating, managing, or analyzing the interest~~ lease  
12 is performed with assistance of ~~[[on]]~~ a computer.

57. (previously presented) The method of claim 56, wherein the interest leased is an interest in a shorter-lived asset, and further comprising the step of:

leasing a longer-lived asset to the tenant, rent payments under the lease of the shorter-lived asset having a present value at least equal to a cost of the shorter-lived asset at a time of commencement of the lease of the shorter-lived asset;

the lease to the shorter-lived asset being structured together with the lease to the longer-lived asset to support an accounting conclusion that the two leases are to be considered together as a single lease and classified as an operating lease.

58. (previously presented) The method of claim 56, further comprising the step of:

leasing tenant improvements within a space from the special purpose entity to the tenant under the lease of claim 56, the special purpose entity being a legal entity owned, or leased the tenant improvements, by a landlord of the space, the special purpose entity being capitalized by participations comprising: (a) an equity investment by the landlord of at least three percent of the value of the tenant improvements and (b) debt issued by the special purpose entity for at least about eighty percent of the value of the tenant improvements.

59. (original) The method of claim 56, wherein the debt is secured by a triple-net absolute rent obligation of the tenant under a lease of the improvements.

1           60. (currently amended) A method, comprising the steps of:  
2           leasing a longer-lived asset and a shorter-lived asset to a lessee under two separate  
3           leases, the verb “leasing” meaning “granting to another, or receiving a grant of from another,  
4           or taking hold of by a lease from another, the possession and use of real or personal property,  
5           in return for present payment of or an obligation to pay rent or other consideration”, rent  
6           payments under the lease of the shorter-lived asset having a present value at least equal to a  
7           cost of the shorter-lived asset at a time of commencement of the lease of the shorter-lived  
8           asset;  
9           the lease to the shorter-lived asset being structured together with the lease to the  
10          longer-lived asset to support an accounting conclusion that the two leases are to be  
11          considered together as a single lease, classified as an operating lease;  
12          wherein at least some portion of leasing ~~originating, managing, or analyzing the lease~~  
13          [[to]] the shorter-lived asset is performed with assistance of ~~[[on]]~~ a computer.

61. (original) The method of claim 60, wherein:  
the longer-lived asset is a space in a building; and  
the shorter-lived asset is tenant improvements to the space.

62. (currently amended) The method of claim 61, wherein:  
the tenant improvements are owned by a special purpose entity, being a legal entity  
owned by a landlord of the space.

63. (currently amended) The method of claim 62, further comprising the steps of:  
capitalizing the special purpose entity by participations comprising: (a) an equity  
investment by the landlord of at least three percent of the value of the tenant improvements  
and (b) debt issued by the special purpose entity for at least about eighty percent of the value  
of the tenant improvements.

64. (original) The method of claim 62, wherein:  
rent payments under the improvements lease are fully tax deductible to the lessee.
65. (currently amended) The method of claim 62, wherein:  
the special purpose entity is capitalized by participations comprising: (a) an equity investment by the landlord of at least three percent of the value of the tenant improvements and (b) debt issued by the special purpose entity for at least about eighty percent of the value of the tenant improvements.
66. (original) The method of claim 62, wherein:  
the building is divided for lease to multiple lessees.
67. (original) The method of claim 66, wherein:  
at least about 80% of the capitalization of the special purpose entity is a loan to the special purpose entity secured by a triple-net absolute obligation of the lessee.
68. (currently amended) The method of claim 62, wherein the tenant improvements have been constructed and are owned by the landlord, the lessee, or jointly by landlord and lessee;  
and further comprising the step of conveying or leasing the tenant improvements to the special purpose entity before or concurrently with entry into the improvements lease.
69. (currently amended) The method of claim 62, wherein:  
the landlord owns a plurality of special purpose entities, each owning tenant improvements for lease to a lessee.
70. (original) The method of claim 62, wherein the special purpose entity has no ownership interest in any real property that includes the space.

71. (currently amended) The method of claim 61, the tenant improvements being off-balance-sheet for the lessee, financing for the improvements being related to the cost of funds of the lessee.

72. (currently amended) The method of claim 61, further comprising the step of: entry by the lessee into an obligation to construct the tenant improvements and to assume costs associated with the construction.

73. (original) The method of claim 61, wherein:  
upon an event of default under the improvements lease, the lessee is obligated to purchase the improvements from the special purpose entity for a stipulated amount.

1        74. (currently amended) A method, comprising the steps of:  
2        leasing tenant improvements within a space from a special purpose entity to a tenant,  
3        the verb "leasing" meaning "granting to another, or receiving a grant of from another, or  
4        taking hold of by a lease from another, the possession and use of real or personal property, in  
5        return for present payment of or an obligation to pay rent or other consideration", the special  
6        purpose entity being a legal entity owned by a landlord of the space, the special purpose  
7        entity being capitalized by participations comprising: (a) an equity investment by the  
8        landlord of at least three percent of the value of the tenant improvements and (b) debt issued  
9        by the special purpose entity for at least about eighty percent of the value of the tenant  
10       improvements;  
11       wherein at least some portion of ~~originating, managing, or analyzing~~ the tenant  
12       improvements lease is performed with assistance of ~~[[on]]~~ a computer.

75. (original) The method of claim 74, wherein:  
the building is divided for lease to multiple tenants, at least about 80% of the capitalization of the special purpose entity being a loan to the special purpose entity secured by a triple-net absolute obligation of the tenant.

76. (original) The method of claim 75 wherein at least 3% of capitalization for the special purpose entity is a loan participation by the landlord.

77. (original) The method of claim 75:  
wherein a building in which the space is located is encumbered by a mortgage; and  
and further comprising the step of, entry by the lender to the special purpose entity and a mortgagee of the mortgage into an inter-creditor agreement, each waiving any interest in the other's collateral.

78. (original) The method of claim 74, wherein:  
financial statements of the special purpose entity are consolidated with financial statements of the landlord.

79. (original) The method of claim 78, wherein:  
rent payments under the improvements lease are fully tax deductible to the tenant.

80. (currently amended) The method of claim 78, wherein:  
the tenant improvements being financed by debt issued by the special purpose entity, the debt being non-recourse against the special purpose entity, the landlord and the tenant improvements.

81. (currently amended) The method of claim 80, wherein the debt is secured by a triple-net absolute rent obligation of the tenant under a lease of the tenant improvements.

82. (currently amended) The method of claim 78, wherein the tenant improvements have been constructed and are owned by the landlord, the tenant or jointly by landlord and tenant;

and further comprising the step of conveying or leasing the tenant improvements to the special purpose entity before or concurrently with entry into the improvements lease.

83. (currently amended) The method of claim 78, wherein:  
the tenant improvements being financed by debt issued by the special purpose entity, the debt not being secured by a lien on the tenant improvements.

84. (original) The method of claim 74, wherein the special purpose entity is a limited liability company or limited partnership.

85. (original) The method of claim 74, wherein the special purpose entity is a grantor trust or business trust.

86. (original) The method of claim 74, wherein the special purpose entity is a corporation.

87. (original) The method of claim 74, wherein the special purpose entity has no ownership interest in any real property that includes the space.

88. (original) The method of claim 74, the tenant improvements being off-balance-sheet for the tenant, financing for the tenant improvements being related to the cost of funds of the tenant.

89. (currently amended) The method of claim 74, wherein financing for the tenant improvements is provided by an entity other than the tenant.

90. (original) The method of claim 74, wherein:  
the tenant is the only tenant in a building in which the space is located.



91. (original) The method of claim 74, wherein the space is one of a plurality of spaces of a building divided for lease to a plurality of tenants, and the tenant is one of the plurality of tenants.

92. (currently amended) The method of claim 74, wherein:  
upon an event of default under the improvements lease, the tenant is obligated to purchase the tenant improvements from the special purpose entity for a stipulated amount.

1           93. (currently amended) A method, comprising the steps of:  
2           leasing an interest in a space from a special purpose entity to a tenant, the verb  
3           “leasing” meaning “granting to another, or receiving a grant of from another, or taking hold  
4           of by a lease from another, the possession and use of real or personal property, in return for  
5           present payment of or an obligation to pay rent or other consideration”, the special purpose  
6           entity being a legal entity owned by a landlord of the building including the space, the  
7           building being divided for lease to multiple tenants, at least about 80% of the capitalization  
8           of the special purpose entity being a loan to the special purpose entity secured by an absolute  
9           obligation of the tenant;  
10          wherein at least some portion of ~~originating, managing, or analyzing~~ the lease of the  
11          interest is performed with assistance of ~~[[on]]~~ a computer.

94. (original) The method of claim 93, wherein the interest is a possessory interest in improvements to the space, the space being leased to the tenant under a separate lease, rent payments under the improvements lease having a present value at least equal to a cost of the improvements at a time of commencement of the improvements lease.

95. (original) The method of claim 94, further comprising the step of:  
structuring the improvements lease together with the space lease to support an accounting conclusion that the two leases are to be considered together as a single lease, classified as an operating lease.

96. (original) The method of claim 93 wherein at least 3% of capitalization for the special purpose entity is a loan participation by the landlord.

97. (original) The method of claim 93 wherein at least 10% of capitalization for the special purpose entity is contributed by the landlord.

98. (original) The method of claim 93, wherein:  
a majority of the loan to the special purpose entity is supplied by a party other than the landlord, and the landlord owns a participation in the loan made to the special purpose entity.

99. (original) The method of claim 93, wherein:  
the improvements are financed by debt issued by the special purpose entity, the debt not being secured by a lien on the improvements.

100. (original) The method of claim 93, wherein the special purpose entity is a limited liability company, grantor trust, business trust, corporation, limited partnership, or other business association.

101. (original) The method of claim 93, wherein financing for the improvements is provided by an entity other than the tenant.

1        102. (currently amended) A method, comprising the steps of:  
2        improving a space, financing for the improvements being provided by an entity other  
3        than a tenant of the space, financing for the ~~tenant~~ improvements being obtained at the  
4        tenant's cost of funds;  
5        leasing the space from a landlord to the tenant under a space lease, the verb "leasing"  
6        meaning "granting to another, or receiving a grant of from another, or taking hold of by a

7 lease from another, the possession and use of real or personal property, in return for present  
8 payment of or an obligation to pay rent or other consideration”; and

9 leasing the improvements to the tenant under an improvements lease distinct from the  
10 space lease;

11 wherein at least some portion of ~~originating, managing, or analyzing~~ the  
12 improvements lease is performed with assistance of ~~[[en]]~~ a computer.

103. (currently amended) The method of claim 102, wherein:

the improvements are leased from a special purpose entity, the landlord of the space being the owner of, or lessor of the ~~tenant~~ improvements to, the special purpose entity under tax accounting, financial statements of the special purpose entity being consolidated with financial statements of the landlord.

104. (previously presented) The method of claim 102, wherein:

rent payments under the improvements lease are fully tax deductible to the tenant.

105. (previously presented) The method of claim 103, wherein:

the improvements being financed by debt issued by the special purpose entity, the debt being non-recourse against the special purpose entity, the landlord and the improvements.

106. (previously presented) The method of claim 105, wherein the debt is secured by a rent obligation of the tenant under a lease of the improvements.

107. (previously presented) The method of claim 103, wherein:

the special purpose entity is capitalized by participations comprising: (a) an equity investment by the landlord of at least three percent of the value of the improvements and (b) debt issued by the special purpose entity for at least about eighty percent of the value of the improvements.

108. (previously presented) The method of claim 103, wherein:  
at least about 80% of the capitalization of the special purpose entity is a loan to the special purpose entity secured by a triple-net absolute obligation of the tenant.

109. (previously presented) The method of claim 108, wherein:  
a majority of the loan to the special purpose entity is supplied by a party other than the landlord, and the landlord owns a participation in the loan made to the special purpose entity.

110. (previously presented) The method of claim 108:  
wherein a building in which the space is located is encumbered by a mortgage;  
and further comprising the step of, entry by the lender to the special purpose entity and a mortgagee of the mortgage into an inter-creditor agreement, each waiving any interest in the other's collateral.

111. (previously presented) The method of claim 103, wherein the improvements have been constructed and are owned by the landlord, the tenant or jointly by landlord and tenant;  
and further comprising the step of conveying or leasing the improvements to the special purpose entity before or concurrently with entry into the improvements lease.

112. (previously presented) The method of claim 103, wherein:  
the improvements being financed by debt issued by the special purpose entity, the debt being secured at least in part by a lien on the improvements.

113. (previously presented) The method of claim 103, wherein:

upon an event of default under the improvements lease, the tenant assumes an obligation to purchase the improvements from the special purpose entity for a stipulated amount.

114. (previously presented) The method of claim 102, wherein:  
the improvements lease is structured together with the space lease to support an accounting conclusion that the improvements lease is to be classified as an operating lease.

115. (previously presented) The method of claim 102, wherein:  
rent payments under the improvements lease have a present value at least equal to a value of the improvements at a time of commencement of the improvements lease.

116. (previously presented) The method of claim 102, the improvements being off-balance-sheet for the tenant.

117. (previously presented) The method of claim 102, further comprising the step of:  
entry by the tenant into an obligation to construct the improvements and to assume costs associated with the construction.

118. (previously presented) The method of claim 102, wherein:  
rent payments under the improvements lease are secured, in full or in part, by a personal or corporate guaranty or by a letter of credit of the tenant.

1        119. (currently amended) A method, comprising the steps of:  
2        leasing an interest in real estate from a special purpose entity to a tenant, the verb  
3        “leasing” meaning “granting to another, or receiving a grant of from another, or taking hold  
4        of by a lease from another, the possession and use of real or personal property, in return for  
5        present payment of or an obligation to pay rent or other consideration”, the special purpose  
6        entity being a legal entity distinct from a landlord of the real estate that includes the leased

7 interest, the landlord having sufficient ownership in the special purpose entity to establish the  
8 landlord's genuine economic risk in the lease, the special purpose entity owning the lease of  
9 the leased interest, development of an asset underlying the leased interest being financed by  
10 debt issued by the special purpose entity, the debt being non-recourse against the special  
11 purpose entity, the landlord and the asset;  
12 wherein at least some portion of ~~originating, managing, or analyzing~~ the lease is  
13 performed with assistance of ~~[[en]]~~ a computer.

120. (previously presented) The method of claim 119, further comprising the steps of:

leasing a space from the landlord to the tenant under a space lease;

leasing improvements to the space from the special purpose entity to the tenant under the lease of claim 119, being an improvements lease distinct from the space lease, the improvements lease being structured together with the space lease to support an accounting conclusion that the space lease and improvements lease are to be considered together as a single lease and classified as an operating lease.

121. (currently amended) The method of claim 119, further comprising the steps of::

leasing a space from the landlord to the tenant under a space lease;

leasing improvements to the space from a special purpose entity to the tenant under the lease of claim 119, being an improvements lease distinct from the space lease, the landlord of the space being the owner of, or lessor of the ~~tenant~~ improvements to, the special purpose entity under tax accounting rules, financial statements of the special purpose entity being consolidated with financial statements of the landlord, rent payments under the improvements lease being fully tax deductible to the tenant.

122. (previously presented) The method of claim 119, wherein the interest leased is an interest in a shorter-lived asset, and further comprising the step of:

leasing a longer-lived asset to the tenant, rent payments under the lease of the shorter-lived asset having a present value at least equal to a cost of the shorter-lived asset at a time of commencement of the lease of the shorter-lived asset;

the lease to the shorter-lived asset being structured together with the lease to the longer-lived asset to support an accounting conclusion that the two leases are to be considered together as a single lease and classified as an operating lease.

123. (previously presented) The method of claim 119, further comprising the step of:  
leasing tenant improvements within a space from a special purpose entity to a tenant under the lease of claim 119, the special purpose entity being a legal entity owned, or leased the tenant improvements, by a landlord of the space, the special purpose entity being capitalized by participations comprising: (a) an equity investment by the landlord of at least three percent of the value of the tenant improvements and (b) debt issued by the special purpose entity for at least about eighty percent of the value of the tenant improvements.

124. (previously presented) The method of claim 119, wherein:  
the special purpose entity is a legal entity owned by a landlord of a building, the building being divided for lease to multiple tenants, at least about 80% of the capitalization of the special purpose entity being a loan to the special purpose entity secured by an absolute obligation of the tenant.

125. (currently amended) The method of claim 119, further comprising the steps of:  
improving a space, financing for the improvements being provided by an entity other than a tenant of the space, financing for the ~~tenant~~ improvements being obtained at the tenant's cost of funds;

leasing the space from the landlord to the tenant under a space lease; and  
leasing the improvements to the tenant under the lease of claim 119, being an improvements lease distinct from the space lease.

126. (new) The method of claim 2, wherein:  
the portion of the lease performed with assistance of a computer includes soliciting  
the improvements lease.

127. (new) The method of claim 2, wherein:  
the portion of the lease performed with assistance of a computer includes originating  
the improvements lease.

128. (new) The method of claim 2, wherein:  
the portion of the lease performed with assistance of a computer includes soliciting  
the improvements lease.

129. (new) The method of claim 2, wherein:  
the portion of the lease performed with assistance of a computer includes analyzing  
the improvements lease.

1        130. (new) A method, comprising the steps of:  
2        leasing tenant improvements within a space from a special purpose entity to a tenant  
3        under a tenant improvements lease, the landlord of the space having sufficient ownership in  
4        the special purpose entity to establish the landlord's genuine economic risk in the tenant  
5        improvements lease, the special purpose entity being capitalized by participations  
6        comprising: (a) an equity investment by the landlord of at least three percent of the value of  
7        the tenant improvements and (b) debt issued by the special purpose entity for at least about  
8        eighty percent of the value of the tenant improvements;  
9        wherein at least some portion of the tenant improvements lease is performed with  
10       assistance of a computer.



131. (new) The method of claim 130, wherein:

the building is divided for lease to multiple tenants, at least about 80% of the capitalization of the special purpose entity being a loan to the special purpose entity secured by a triple-net absolute obligation of the tenant.

132. (new) The method of claim 131 wherein at least 3% of capitalization for the special purpose entity is a loan participation by the landlord.

133. (new) A method, comprising the steps of:

receiving a rent payment under a lease of a space from a landlord to a tenant under a space lease;

receiving a rent payment under a lease of improvements to the space to the tenant under an improvements lease distinct from the space lease, the improvements lease being structured together with the space lease to support an accounting conclusion that the space lease and improvements lease are to be considered together as a single lease and classified as an operating lease;

wherein at least some portion of the improvements lease is performed with assistance of a computer.

134. (new) The method of claim 133, wherein:

the improvements are leased from a special purpose entity, the landlord of the space being the owner of, or lessor of the improvements to, the special purpose entity under tax accounting, financial statements of the special purpose entity being consolidated with financial statements of the landlord.

135. (new) The method of claim 134, wherein:

rent payments under the improvements lease are fully tax deductible to the tenant.

136. (new) The method of claim 134, wherein:

the improvements being financed by debt issued by the special purpose entity, the debt being non-recourse against the special purpose entity, the landlord and the improvements.

137. (new) The method of claim 134, wherein:

the special purpose entity is capitalized by participations comprising: (a) an equity investment by the landlord of at least three percent of the value of the improvements and (b) debt issued by the special purpose entity for at least about eighty percent of the value of the improvements.

138. (new) The method of claim 134, wherein:

at least about 80% of the capitalization of the special purpose entity is a loan to the special purpose entity secured by a triple-net absolute obligation of the tenant.

139. (new) The method of claim 133, wherein:

rent payments under the improvements lease have a present value at least equal to a value of the improvements at a time of commencement of the improvements lease.

140. (new) A method, comprising the steps of:

receiving a rent payment under a lease of a space to a tenant; and

receiving a rent payment under a lease of improvements to the space from a special purpose entity to the tenant, a landlord of the space being the owner of, or lessor of the

improvements to, the special purpose entity under tax accounting rules, financial statements

of the special purpose entity being consolidated with financial statements of the landlord, rent

payments under the improvements lease being fully tax deductible to the tenant;

wherein at least some portion of the improvements lease is performed with assistance

of a computer.

141. (new) The method of claim 140, wherein:

the improvements are financed by debt issued by the special purpose entity, the debt being non-recourse against the special purpose entity, the landlord and the improvements.

142. (new) The method of claim 140, wherein:

rent payments under the improvements lease have a present value at least equal to a value of the improvements at a time of commencement of the improvements lease.

143. (new) The method of claim 140, wherein:

the improvements lease is structured together with the space lease to support an accounting conclusion that the two leases are to be considered together as a single lease, classified as an operating lease.

144. (new) The method of claim 140, further comprising the step of:

capitalizing the special purpose entity by participations comprising: (a) an equity investment by the landlord of at least three percent of the value of the improvements and (b) debt issued by the special purpose entity for at least about eighty percent of the value of the improvements.

145. (new) The method of claim 140, wherein:

at least about 80% of the capitalization of the special purpose entity is a loan to the special purpose entity secured by a triple-net absolute obligation of the tenant.

146. (new) The method of claim 140, wherein the special purpose entity has no ownership interest in any real property that includes the space.

147. (new) The method of claim 140, wherein:

upon an event of default under the improvements lease, the tenant is obligated to purchase the improvements from the special purpose entity for a stipulated amount.

1           148. (new) A method, comprising the steps of:  
2           receiving a rent payment under leases of a longer-lived asset and a shorter-lived asset  
3           to a lessee under two separate leases, rent payments under the lease of the shorter-lived asset  
4           having a present value at least equal to a cost of the shorter-lived asset at a time of  
5           commencement of the lease of the shorter-lived asset;  
6           the lease to the shorter-lived asset being structured together with the lease to the  
7           longer-lived asset to support an accounting conclusion that the two leases are to be  
8           considered together as a single lease, classified as an operating lease;  
9           wherein at least some portion of leasing the shorter-lived asset is performed with  
10          assistance of a computer.

149. (new) The method of claim 148, wherein:  
the longer-lived asset is a space in a building; and  
the shorter-lived asset is tenant improvements to the space.

150. (new) The method of claim 149, further comprising the steps of:  
capitalizing a special purpose entity, being a legal entity owned by a landlord of the  
space, by participations comprising: (a) an equity investment by the landlord of at least three  
percent of the value of the tenant improvements and (b) debt issued by the special purpose  
entity for at least about eighty percent of the value of the tenant improvements.

151. (new) The method of claim 150, wherein:  
at least about 80% of the capitalization of the special purpose entity is a loan to the  
special purpose entity secured by a triple-net absolute obligation of the lessee.

152. (new) The method of claim 148, wherein:  
rent payments under the lease to the shorter-lived asset are fully tax deductible to the  
lessee.

153. (new) The method of claim 148, wherein:

the longer-lived asset is space in a building divided for lease to multiple lessees.

154. (new) A method, comprising the steps of:

receiving a rent payment under a lease of tenant improvements within a space from a special purpose entity to a tenant, the landlord having sufficient ownership in the special purpose entity to establish the landlord's genuine economic risk in the tenant improvements lease, the special purpose entity being capitalized by participations comprising: (a) an equity investment by the landlord of at least three percent of the value of the tenant improvements and (b) debt issued by the special purpose entity for at least about eighty percent of the value of the tenant improvements;

wherein at least some portion of the tenant improvements lease is performed with assistance of a computer.

155. (new) The method of claim 154, wherein:

the building is divided for lease to multiple tenants, at least about 80% of the capitalization of the special purpose entity being a loan to the special purpose entity secured by a triple-net absolute obligation of the tenant.

156. (new) The method of claim 154, wherein:

rent payments under the tenant improvements lease are fully tax deductible to the tenant.

157. (new) The method of claim 154, wherein:

the tenant improvements being financed by debt issued by the special purpose entity, the debt being non-recourse against the special purpose entity, the landlord and the tenant improvements.

1           158. (new) A method, comprising the steps of:  
2           receiving a rent payment under a lease of an interest in a space from a special purpose  
3           entity to a tenant, the special purpose entity being a legal entity owned by a landlord of the  
4           building including the space, the building being divided for lease to multiple tenants, at least  
5           about 80% of the capitalization of the special purpose entity being a loan to the special  
6           purpose entity secured by an absolute obligation of the tenant;  
7           wherein at least some portion of the lease of the interest is performed with assistance  
8           of a computer.

159. (new) The method of claim 158, wherein the interest is a possessory interest in  
improvements to the space, the space being leased to the tenant under a separate lease, rent  
payments under the improvements lease having a present value at least equal to a cost of the  
improvements at a time of commencement of the improvements lease.

160. (new) The method of claim 159, further comprising the step of:  
structuring the improvements lease together with the space lease to support an  
accounting conclusion that the two leases are to be considered together as a single lease,  
classified as an operating lease.

1           161. (new) A method, comprising the steps of:  
2           improving a space, financing for the improvements being provided by an entity other  
3           than a tenant of the space, financing for the improvements being obtained at the tenant's cost  
4           of funds;  
5           receiving a rent payment under a lease of the space from a landlord to the tenant  
6           under a space lease; and  
7           receiving a rent payment under a lease of the improvements to the tenant under an  
8           improvements lease distinct from the space lease;  
9           wherein at least some portion of the improvements lease is performed with assistance  
10          of a computer.

162. (new) The method of claim 161, wherein:

the improvements are leased from a special purpose entity, the landlord of the space being the owner of, or lessor of the improvements to, the special purpose entity under tax accounting, financial statements of the special purpose entity being consolidated with financial statements of the landlord.

163. (new) The method of claim 161, wherein:

rent payments under the improvements lease are fully tax deductible to the tenant.

164. (new) The method of claim 162, wherein:

the improvements being financed by debt issued by the special purpose entity, the debt being non-recourse against the special purpose entity, the landlord and the improvements.

165. (new) The method of claim 164, wherein the debt is secured by a rent obligation of the tenant under a lease of the improvements.

166. (new) The method of claim 162, wherein:

the special purpose entity is capitalized by participations comprising: (a) an equity investment by the landlord of at least three percent of the value of the improvements and (b) debt issued by the special purpose entity for at least about eighty percent of the value of the improvements.

167. (new) The method of claim 162, wherein:

at least about 80% of the capitalization of the special purpose entity is a loan to the special purpose entity secured by a triple-net absolute obligation of the tenant.

168. (new) The method of claim 167, wherein:

a majority of the loan to the special purpose entity is supplied by a party other than the landlord, and the landlord owns a participation in the loan made to the special purpose entity.

169. (new) The method of claim 162, wherein:

the improvements being financed by debt issued by the special purpose entity, the debt being secured at least in part by a lien on the improvements.

170. (new) The method of claim 161, wherein:

the improvements lease is structured together with the space lease to support an accounting conclusion that the improvements lease is to be classified as an operating lease.

171. (new) The method of claim 161, wherein:

rent payments under the improvements lease have a present value at least equal to a value of the improvements at a time of commencement of the improvements lease.

172. (new) A method, comprising the steps of:

receiving a rent payment under a lease of an interest in real estate from a special purpose entity to a tenant, the special purpose entity being a legal entity distinct from a landlord of the real estate that includes the leased interest, the landlord having sufficient ownership in the special purpose entity to establish the landlord's genuine economic risk in the lease, the special purpose entity owning the lease of the leased interest, development of an asset underlying the leased interest being financed by debt issued by the special purpose entity, the debt being non-recourse against the special purpose entity, the landlord and the asset;

wherein at least some portion of the lease is performed with assistance of a computer.



173. (new) The method of claim 172, further comprising the steps of:

receiving a rent payment under a lease of a space from the landlord to the tenant under a space lease;

receiving a rent payment under a lease of improvements to the space from the special purpose entity to the tenant under the lease of claim 172, being an improvements lease distinct from the space lease, the improvements lease being structured together with the space lease to support an accounting conclusion that the space lease and improvements lease are to be considered together as a single lease and classified as an operating lease.

174. (new) The method of claim 172, further comprising the steps of::

receiving a rent payment under a lease of a space from the landlord to the tenant under a space lease;

receiving a rent payment under a lease of improvements to the space from a special purpose entity to the tenant under the lease of claim 172, being an improvements lease distinct from the space lease, the landlord of the space being the owner of, or lessor of the improvements to, the special purpose entity under tax accounting rules, financial statements of the special purpose entity being consolidated with financial statements of the landlord, rent payments under the improvements lease being fully tax deductible to the tenant.

175. (new) The method of claim 172, wherein the interest leased is an interest in a shorter-lived asset, and further comprising the step of:

receiving a rent payment under a lease of a longer-lived asset to the tenant, rent payments under the lease of the shorter-lived asset having a present value at least equal to a cost of the shorter-lived asset at a time of commencement of the lease of the shorter-lived asset;

the lease to the shorter-lived asset being structured together with the lease to the longer-lived asset to support an accounting conclusion that the two leases are to be considered together as a single lease and classified as an operating lease.

176. (new) The method of claim 172, further comprising the step of:

receiving a rent payment under a lease of tenant improvements within a space from a special purpose entity to a tenant under the lease of claim 172, the special purpose entity being a legal entity owned, or leased the tenant improvements, by a landlord of the space, the special purpose entity being capitalized by participations comprising: (a) an equity investment by the landlord of at least three percent of the value of the tenant improvements and (b) debt issued by the special purpose entity for at least about eighty percent of the value of the tenant improvements.

177. (new) The method of claim 172, wherein:

the special purpose entity is a legal entity owned by a landlord of a building, the building being divided for lease to multiple tenants, at least about 80% of the capitalization of the special purpose entity being a loan to the special purpose entity secured by an absolute obligation of the tenant.

178. (new) The method of claim 172, further comprising the steps of:

improving a space, financing for the improvements being provided by an entity other than a tenant of the space, financing for the improvements being obtained at the tenant's cost of funds;

receiving a rent payment under a lease of the space from the landlord to the tenant under a space lease; and

receiving a rent payment under a lease of the improvements to the tenant under the lease of claim 172, being an improvements lease distinct from the space lease.